

Consolidated Financial Statements of
(Unaudited)

AKELA PHARMA INC.

Periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

NOTICE TO READER

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of Akela Pharma Inc. for the periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 have been prepared by the management and have not been reviewed by the Company's auditor.

AKELA PHARMA INC.

Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009
(in thousands of US dollars)

Financial Statements

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AKELA PHARMA INC.

Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009
(in thousands of US dollars)

Going Concern Uncertainty (note 1)

	June 2010	December 2009
Assets		
Current		
Cash (note 1)	\$ 304	\$ 107
Restricted (note 7)	-	938
Accounts	1,212	1,679
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	302	417
	1,118	3,141
Property and equipment	3,505	4,217
Other	580	598
	\$ 5,903	\$ 7,956
Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficiency		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 7,664	\$ 7,801
Deferred revenue	2,848	2,795
Current portion of long-term debt (note 8)	1,775	1,015
	12,287	11,611
Deferred revenue	13,339	14,630
Long-term debt (note 8)	5,496	6,615
Income taxes	827	799
Shareholders' deficiency:		
Common (unlimited authorized, 32,140,338 and 30,890,338 common shares issued and outstanding with no par value at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009,	67,704	67,544
Warrant (note 9)	2,288	2,954
Additional paid-in capital	9,032	8,511
Accumulated other comprehensive income	3,110	3,110
Defici	(108,180)	(107,818)
	(26,046)	(25,699)
Commitments, contingencies and guarantees (note 10)		
	\$ 5,903	\$ 7,956

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

AKELA PHARMA INC.

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)
(Unaudited)

Periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009
(in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share data)

Going Concern Uncertainty (note1)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Revenue	\$ 3,050	\$ 4,022	\$ 5,651	\$ 7,792
Expenses:				
• Direct costs	1,387	1,979	2,831	4,047
Selling, general and administrative	1,658	1,813	3,061	3,247
Research and development	129	892	258	2,281
Restructuring (note 6)	-	(327)	-	349
Stock-based compensation (note 9)	8	80	15	157
Depreciation of property and equipment	376	356	733	728
Amortization of intangible assets	-	423	-	846
Interest on long-term debt	117	78	180	115
Unrealized loss (gain) on securities held for trading	47	(141)	76	(54)
Foreign exchange gain	(749)	(40)	(1,141)	(80)
	2,973	5,113	6,013	11,636
Income (loss) before under noted items	77	(1,091)	(362)	(3,844)
Other income (expense):				
Settlement with IRI	-	-	-	1,664
Provision for repayment of government grants (note 5)	-	-	-	(1,544)
	-	-	-	120
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 77	\$ (1,091)	\$ (362)	\$ (3,724)
Net income (loss) per common share - basic	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.16)
Net income (loss) per common share - diluted	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.16)
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	31,015,338	25,737,693	30,952,838	23,676,635
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	31,015,338	25,737,693	30,952,838	23,676,635

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

AKELA PHARMA INC.

Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Deficiency (Unaudited)

Six month period ended June 30, 2010
(in thousands of US dollars)

Going Concern Uncertainty (note 1)

	Common Shares		Warrants	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated other comprehensive		Total
	Number	Dollars			income	Deficit	
Balance, December 31, 2009	30,890,338	\$ 67,544	\$ 2,954	\$ 8,511	\$ 3,110	\$ (107,818)	(25,699)
Stock-based compensation (note 9)	-	-	-	15	-	-	15
Lease termination (note 9)	1,250,000	160	-	(160)	-	-	-
Expiration of warrants (note 9)	-	-	(666)	666	-	-	-
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(362)	(362)
Balance, June 30, 2010	32,140,338	\$ 67,704	\$ 2,288	\$ 9,032	\$ 3,110	\$ (108,180)	(26,046)

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

AKELA PHARMA INC.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

Periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009
(in thousands of US dollars)

Going Concern Uncertainty (note 1)

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$ 77	\$ (1,091)	\$ (362)	\$ (3,724)
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation of property and equipment	376	356	733	728
Amortization of intangible assets	-	423	-	846
Provision for repayment of government grants	-	-	-	1,544
Restructuring charges	-	(528)	-	43
Stock-based compensation	8	80	15	157
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	(749)	(91)	(1,141)	(134)
Unrealized loss (gain) on securities held for trading	47	(141)	76	(54)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities)	(411)	100	(540)	1,400
	(652)	(892)	(1,219)	806
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Repayments of long-term debt	(175)	(164)	(269)	(326)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	250	-	750	-
	75	(164)	481	(326)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Acquisition of property and equipment	16	(458)	(3)	(1,250)
Restricted cash	705	-	938	-
Acquisition of Nventa	-	1,157	-	1,157
	721	699	935	(93)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	144	(357)	197	387
Cash, beginning of period	160	3,089	107	2,345
Cash, end of period	\$ 304	\$ 2,732	\$ 304	\$ 2,732

AKELA PHARMA INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

(in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share data unless otherwise noted)

1. Nature of operations

Akela Pharma, Inc. (“Akela” or “the Company”) is an integrated drug development company focused on developing therapies for the growing multi-billion dollar inhalation and pain markets. In addition to our own product portfolio, we provide research and development services including specialty drug manufacturing, product development, quality control testing, analytical method development and patent litigation support.

Akela’s unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) and follow the same accounting policies and methods of their application as the most recent annual consolidated financial statements except as described in note 2. In the opinion of Management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation are reflected in the interim financial statements. Such adjustments are of a normal and recurring nature. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full year. The interim financial statements do not include all of the disclosures required by GAAP applicable to annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s annual report for the year ended December 31, 2009.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates that Akela will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has and continues to incur significant net losses. The Company has funded such losses with external debt, share issuances, exclusive licensing and development agreements, government grants and working capital. As of June 30, 2010, the Company has a cash balance of \$304, net current liabilities of \$9,003 and a shareholders’ deficit of \$26,046.

An acute shortage of investor capital available for pharmaceutical development has adversely impacted the ability of the Company to obtain financing as well as the financial stability of its customer base, the credit quality of its receivables and the certainty of its revenue projections. Moreover, Akela will continue to encounter difficulty in raising additional financing from either new or existing investors until the Company significantly reduces its outstanding debt. The Company could and may also receive claims from creditors, as a number of Akela’s liability obligations are in default as at date of this report (see notes 8 and 10). As such, the realization of assets and discharge of liabilities in the ordinary course of business are subject to significant uncertainty.

These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts, the amount and classification of liabilities and the reported revenue and expenses that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Akela’s ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon, amongst other things, the successful development and marketing of its technologies, securing financing for its drug development program, the continued support and cooperation of shareholders, lenders, suppliers and the achievement of profitable operations. These endeavours are dependent on a number of circumstances outside the Company’s control, especially as it relates to financing for small biotech and specialty pharmaceutical companies. Management’s actions and plans with respect to addressing the going concern uncertainty include the following:

- a) The Company, in 2010, began negotiating the sale of its contract service operations, PharmaForm. Proceeds from this disposition will be dedicated to the reduction of the Company’s outstanding liabilities. Savings resulting from the

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reduction of overhead associated with the sale, combined with cost restructuring initiatives undertaken during 2009, will be dedicated to the continuance of operations. Any remaining funds will be utilized in the further advancement of Fentanyl TAIFUN®.

- b) During January, May and June of 2010, in order to facilitate the continuance of operations until additional sources of cash are realized, certain shareholders agreed to extend a \$2,750 fully secured line of credit, bearing interest at 15% (see note 8).
- c) The Company has and is continuing to implement plans to reduce operational costs. In order to ensure the availability of current capital resources, the Company will attempt to issue new equity securities, issue new debt or pursue various other funding alternatives (see note 14).

Management believes that the above actions, together with the continued support and cooperation of shareholders, lenders and suppliers, the securing of additional milestone payments and other financing, and the successful sale of PharmaForm, will enable Akela to continue as a going concern. There can, however, be no assurance that the actions taken to date will result in sufficient funds being generated to enable the Company to continue as a going concern for the next twelve months. The financing environment within which the Company operates remains very challenging. Until such time as Akela's research and development efforts are commercialized or fully funded by third parties, for which no assurance can be given, the Company may continue to incur significant operating losses. Should the Company be unsuccessful in raising additional financing, it may have no choice but to seek protection from its creditors.

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2. Significant accounting policies and basis of presentation

a) New accounting policies:

- i) *International Financial Reporting Standards*: The Accounting Standards Board of Canada (“AcSB”) will converge Canadian GAAP for publicly accountable enterprises with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) over a transition period that will end effective January 1, 2011 for publicly accountable profit oriented enterprises. The changeover date is for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. IFRS uses a conceptual framework similar to Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, but there are significant differences in recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements. The Company will implement this standard in its first quarter of fiscal year ending December 31, 2011. The Company has not yet developed an IFRS transition plan in preparation for the changeover to IFRS.
- ii) Section 1582, *Business Combinations*: This new Section will be applicable to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the Company’s interim and fiscal year beginning January 1, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. The section improves the relevance, reliability and comparability of the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial statements about a business combination and its effects. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the adoption of this new Section on its consolidated financial statements.
- iii) Section 1601, *Consolidated Financial Statements*: This new Section will be applicable to financial statements related to the Company’s interim and fiscal year beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. This section establishes standards for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the adoption of this new Section on its consolidated financial statements.
- iv) Section 1602, *Non-controlling interest*: This new Section will be applicable to financial statements related to the Company’s interim and fiscal year beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. This section establishes standards for accounting for a non-controlling interest in a subsidiary in consolidated financial statements subsequent to a business combination. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the adoption of this new Section on its consolidated financial statements.
- v) In December 2009, the EIC of the Accounting Standards Board issued EIC-175, *Multiple Deliverable Revenue Arrangements*, which addresses certain aspects of accounting by a vendor for arrangements under which it will perform multiple revenue-generating activities, amending the previous guidance under EIC-142, *Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables*. The amendments require a vendor to allocate arrangement consideration at the inception of an arrangement to all deliverables using the relative selling price method, thus prohibiting the use of the residual method. EIC-175 also changes the level of evidence of the standalone selling price required to separate deliverables when more objective evidence of the selling price is not available. EIC-175 may be applied prospectively and must be applied to revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables entered into or materially modified in the first annual fiscal period beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact and effective date of EIC-175.

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3. Business acquisition:

On May 21, 2009, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of Nventa Biopharmaceuticals Corporation (“Nventa”) by way of plan of arrangement (the “Arrangement”) under the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia). The results of Nventa are consolidated from the date of acquisition.

Nventa, formerly listed on the TSX, was a biopharmaceutical company with a history of developing (i) innovative therapeutics incorporating its proprietary CoVal™ fusion technology for the treatment of viral infections and cancers, with a focus on diseases caused by the human papillomavirus (HPV) and (ii) a Toll-like Receptor 3 (TLR3) agonist for use as a vaccine adjuvant (a substance used to improve immune responses against target antigens) and as an immunotherapeutic for viral infections and cancer.

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Arrangement, the Company issued 0.0355 Akela common shares (the “Ratio”) in exchange for every one common share of Nventa. In addition, Akela common shares are issuable pursuant to share purchase warrants and stock options of Nventa, with the number of shares and exercise prices adjusted based on the Ratio.

The acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting, and the purchase price allocation was based upon management’s best estimate of the fair values of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition as follows:

Net assets acquired:	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,369
Accounts Receivable	106
Goodwill	83
	<hr/>
	\$ 1,558
	<hr/>
Consideration:	
9,274,761 common shares	1,198
533,565 Akela stock options	7
3,430,904 Akela common share purchase warrants	141
Transaction costs	212
	<hr/>
	\$ 1,558
	<hr/>

The fair value of Akela’s common stock, stock options and share purchase warrants were determined based on the closing share price, the Black-Scholes option pricing model and exchange rates in effect on March 27, 2009, the announcement date of the Arrangement as indicated below:

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	Purchase Warrants	Stock Options
	(Weighted Average)	
Strike price (Cdn)	\$ 7.11	\$ 5.21
Risk-free interest rate	1.10%	0.66%
Expected volatility	190.36%	191.77%
Expected life in years	1.96	1.16

4. Settlement with LRI

On March 10, 2009, the Company agreed to accept a payment of \$2,000 Cdn (\$1,563 US) and 500,000 common share purchase warrants with an exercise price of \$0.50 Cdn (\$0.39 US) from LAB Research Inc. (LRI) as full and final settlement of its lawsuit relating to a failed Fentanyl TAIFUN® toxicology study. The fair value of the warrants together with the cash proceeds received as part of this settlement resulted in a gain of \$1,664.

The fair value of the warrants as of March 10, 2009, \$130 Cdn (\$101 US), was determined using the Black-Scholes pricing model and the following assumptions:

Warrants	
Risk-free interest rate	0.98%
Expected volatility	103.85%
Expected life in years	1.8
Expected dividend yield	-

Fluctuation in the fair value of the warrants subsequent to the settlement resulted in an unrealized losses of \$47 and \$76 on securities held for trading during the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and unrealized gains of \$141 and \$54 during the same period in 2009.

The fair value of the warrants as of June 30, 2010, \$2, has been included in prepaid and other current assets and was determined using the following Black-Scholes pricing model assumptions:

Warrants	
Risk-free interest rate	0.96%
Expected volatility	75.25%
Expected life in years	0.75
Expected dividend yield	-

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5. Provision for repayment of government grants

In 2004 and 2005, the Company's Finnish subsidiary entered into certain funding arrangements with Tekes, the Finnish Funding Agency for Technology and Innovation. These arrangements provided for funding grants and loans, payable to the Company in installments, with respect to inhalation technology development. Following the Company's decision to down-size its Finnish operations in the summer of 2007, the Company was notified that this agency was reviewing loans and subsidies previously granted totalling €3,150 and €56, respectively. The agency concluded that the loans would not be collected prematurely but made a demand for repayment of the grants, together with interest. In April 2009 the Company's appeal against this decision was rejected by the Administrative Court of Turku, which concluded that Tekes had the right, by virtue of its lawful discretion, to order repayment of financing received through the grants. As a result, a charge of \$1,544, the US dollar equivalent of the grants received \$1,269 (€56), together with interest from July 2007 through June 30, 2009. On June 30, 2009 Akela announced that it had reached an agreement with Tekes to settle their demand for immediate repayment of the grants. According to the terms of the agreement, Akela will pay back the grants received plus interest, in equal quarterly installments, during a period of four years, starting in September 2010 with the last payment to occur in September 2014. As a result of this settlement, the Company's \$1,544 provision associated with Tekes' claim has been classified as long-term debt (see note 8). Upon the advice of legal counsel, the Company's estimated obligation, \$1,602 (€1,309), has been calculated as the principle amount of the original grants, €56, together with interest payable at rate of 11.5% from July 1, 2007 through December 31, 2008 and at a rate of 9.5% from January 1, 2009 thereafter. The Company continues to accrue interest on the Tekes' claim at a provisional rate of 9.5% until a formal amortization schedule is received.

6. Restructuring costs

In February 2009, the Company undertook measures to cut costs in order to preserve cash for its continued operations. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, the Company recorded net gains and charges of \$327 and \$349, respectively, as part of this initiative. Included in restructuring are the following non-cash items which do not impact the restructuring provision:

- \$449 in onetime gains resulting from Akela's successful negotiation of settlement plans to repay outstanding current obligations to various claimants for the Company's product development program. These onetime gains were ultimately reversed during the 4th quarter of 2009 when the Company failed to respect its payment obligations under these arrangements,¹
- and a \$136 impairment loss on property and equipment.

At June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, \$204 and \$249 of accrued restructuring charges remained unpaid and is included in "Accounts payable and accrued liabilities" on the consolidated balance sheets.

¹ A number of the Company's payment obligations are in default as at the date of this report (see notes 1, 8 and 10).

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
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7. Restricted cash:

On April 2, 2010 Akela surrendered \$938 of restricted cash which had been held on deposit as security for the lease of property in Austin, Texas to the landlord, HEP Davis Spring, L.P. (HEP Davis Spring), as part of a lease termination agreement. (See note 9).

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(in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share data unless otherwise noted)

8. Long-term debt

	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Repayment of grants by the Company's Finnish subsidiary in Euros (€1,190) bearing a current estimated provisional interest of 9.5%. According to the terms of the Company's settlement agreement with the lender, Akela will pay back the grants received plus interest, in equal quarterly installments during a period of four years, starting in September 2010 with the last payment to occur in September 2014. (See note 4).	\$ 1,602	\$ 1,786
Capital loans of the Company's Finnish subsidiary in Euros (2009 - €2,539 ; 2008 - €2,539) bearing interest at the basic rate of interest of the Bank of Finland less 1%, with a minimum interest rate of 3%. The term of the loans are eight years to February 2013 with no capital repayments in the first five years; interest or other remuneration are conditional on specified equity requirements in the Company's Finnish subsidiary. For the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 no interest was payable on this unsecured debt.	3,111	3,632
Capital loans of the Company's Finnish subsidiary in Euros (2009 - €188; 2008 - €188) bearing interest at 5%; interest or other remuneration are conditional on specified equity requirements in the Company's Finnish subsidiary. For the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 no interest was payable on this unsecured debt.	231	270
Note payable of the Company's Finnish subsidiary in Euros (2009 - €464; 2008 - €494) bearing interest at the basic rate of interest of the Bank of Finland less 3%, with a minimum interest rate of 1%. The term of the loan is eight years to December 2013. The Company agreed to repay \$210 (€147) of the loan balance during the third quarter of 2009 with capital repayments beginning in 2011. During the fourth quarter of 2009, the Company failed to fulfill its commitment to repay the \$210 (€147) loan balance of this note. At June 30, 2010, the effective interest rate on this unsecured debt was 1.75%.	568	664
Balance carried forward	5,512	6,352

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	2010	2009
Balance brought forward	5,512	6,352
Line of credit, bearing 15% interest, secured by all inventory, accounts, equipment, leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures, patents, licenses, and other general intangibles of Akela Pharma Inc. and the Company's subsidiary, PharmaForm.	782	-
Present value of \$1,200 payable in monthly installments of \$10 through March 2020 pursuant to lease termination agreement.	613	620
Capital lease obligations of Akela's subsidiary, PharmaForm, bearing interest from 6% to 10.11%, secured by related laboratory equipment.	355	649
Auto loan of the Company's Indian subsidiary bearing 8.5% interest	9	9
	7,271	7,630
Current portion of long-term debt	1,775	1,015
	\$ 5,496	\$ 6,615

As of the date of this report a number of the Company's payment obligations are in default. See also notes 1 and 10.

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9. Shareholders' deficiency

(a) Issuance of common shares

On June 25, 2010, the Company issued 1,250,000 shares of common stock, bearing a fair value of \$160, to HEP Davis Spring, L.P. (HEP Davis Spring) as part of an agreement to terminate a lease in Austin, Texas. The fair value of the common shares was determined based on the closing market price as of March 31, 2010 and the Canadian, US dollar exchange rate on the effective date of the agreement, April 2, 2010. This \$160 distribution of common shares was recorded as a reclassification from additional paid in capital.

(b) Stock option plans

Changes in outstanding options for the six months ended June 30, 2010 were as follows:

	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price (CDN \$'s)
Balance, December 31, 2009	558,055	\$ 3.49
Expirations	(349,388)	4.79
Balance, June 30, 2010	208,667	\$ 1.30
Options exercisable, June 30, 2010	118,667	\$ 1.44

The weighted average exercise price and remaining life of outstanding and exercisable options issued under the Company's stock option plan for the period ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

Range of exercise prices (CDN)	Options outstanding	Weighted average exercise price (CDN)	Options exercisable	Weighted average exercise price (CDN)	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)
\$1.51 - 6.86	18,667	\$ 4.15	18,667	\$ 4.15	7.10
\$1.01 - 1.50	120,000	\$ 1.38	60,000	\$ 1.38	7.79
\$0.61 - 1.00	40,000	\$ 0.61	10,000	\$ 0.61	8.35
\$0.15 - 0.60	30,000	\$ 0.15	30,000	\$ 0.15	2.59
\$0.15 - 6.86	208,667	\$ 1.30	118,667	\$ 1.44	6.41

(c) Warrants and broker units

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As of June 30, 2010, the following warrants were outstanding:

Warrants		Common share equivalents	Exercise price (CDN)	Expiration Date
Number	Fair value at issuance (USD)			
111,410	4	111,410	\$ 14.08	November 1, 2010
4,312,500	2,155	4,312,500	\$ 1.50	March 28, 2011
941,725	49	941,725	\$ 7.04	January 4, 2012
974,533	79	974,533	\$ 7.04	January 24, 2012
6,340,168	\$ 2,287	6,340,168		

(d) Stock-based compensation

No options were granted under the Company's stock option plans during the six months ended June 30, 2010.

During the same period in 2009, 180,000 options were granted under the Company's 2007 Stock Incentive Plan and an additional 533,565 options were issued as part of the Nventa acquisition (see note 3). The weighted average fair value of each option granted during 2009 was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	2009
Risk-free interest rate	1.47%
Expected volatility	178.59%
Expected life in years	4.00
Expected dividend yield	-

The following table summarizes the weighted average grant-date fair value per share for options granted during the period ended June 30, 2009:

	Number of options	Weighted average grant-date fair value (CDN \$'s)
2009	713,565	0.05

During the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company recognized total stock-based compensation of \$15 and \$157, respectively. Dividend yield was excluded from the calculation since it is the present policy of the Company to retain all earnings to finance operations.

(e) Earnings per share

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Basic net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net income (loss) per share is computed by giving effect to all potentially dilutive common shares, including options and warrants. The numerator and denominator used in the calculation of historical basic and diluted net income (loss) amounts per common share are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 77	\$ (1,091)	\$ (362)	\$ (3,724)
Calculation of basic net income (loss) per common share				
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding (000's)	31,015	25,738	30,953	23,677
Net income (loss) per common share - basic	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.16)
Calculation of diluted net income (loss) per common share				
Incremental common shares attributable to exercise of outstanding stock options and warrants	-	-	-	-
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding (000's)	31,015	25,738	30,953	23,677
Net income (loss) per common share - diluted	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.16)

In determining diluted net income (loss) common share, the weighted average number of common shares outstanding is adjusted for stock option and warrants eligible for exercise where the average market price of common shares for the year exceeds the exercise price. At June 30, 2010 no stock options or warrants required adjustment to calculated fully diluted net income (loss) per share. Common shares that could potentially dilute basic loss per common share in the future that could be issued from the exercise of stock options or warrants, were not included in the computation of the diluted loss per common share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 because to do so would be anti-dilutive.

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10. Commitments, contingencies and guarantees

(a) Commitments:

The annualized aggregate maturities of the Company's contractual obligations are as follows:

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015+	Total
Operating leases	378	623	-	-	-		\$ 1,001
Capital leases *	537	146	-	-	-	-	683
Service contracts	280	560	47	-	-	-	887
Long-term debt *	1,064	741	744	673	374	3,971	7,567
	2,259	2,070	791	673	374	3,971	\$ 10,138

* Long-term debt and capital leases include principal and related interest.

The Company is party to license agreements with Auxilium Pharmaceutical, Inc. ("Auxilium") granting Auxilium an exclusive, worldwide royalty-bearing license to develop, make and sell products that contain oral transmucosal film technology for which there is an issued patent in the United States. The terms of these license agreements are for the life of the licensed patents.

To increase the speed of the development of products using the licensed technology, Auxilium entered into a research and development agreement with PharmaForm, on a fee-for-service basis. Auxilium will be the sole owner of any intellectual property rights developed in connection with this agreement.

The intellectual rights associated with this agreement are based on sublicense agreements with the University of Mississippi and the University of Texas. In the event that the University of Mississippi or the University of Texas license agreements are terminated during the term of the Auxilium agreement, PharmaForm shall pay to Auxilium one-half of all direct expenses and costs Auxilium has incurred relating to the research and development of the compounds, technology, or products pursued under the Agreement which exceed the cumulative gross profit earned by Auxilium on such products, as of the date of the termination of such agreement. With respect to each of the University of Mississippi sublicense agreement, the right to terminate for convenience may only be exercised by all inventors as a group. One of the Company's former board members is an inventor. The University of Texas license agreement may only be terminated for convenience by mutual agreement of the parties thereto. As of June 30, 2010, the minimum amount of this contingency is \$2.3 million, representing one-half of amounts received by the Company from Auxilium, and is subject to upward adjustment for any additional amounts incurred by Auxilium on this project. The Company has not recorded a liability with respect to this guarantee as the Company does not expect to make any payments for this item and the standby liability is nominal.

The Company is party to a royalty bearing license for a drug delivery system in which it is required to pay 75% of any sublicense fees received by the Company to the licensors. The Company's sublicense to Auxilium is subject to these agreements.

In May 2008, Akela's original license and development agreement with Janssen for Fentanyl TAIFUN® was amended to secure advanced milestones of €2.5 million on the first local regulatory approval of the Phase III protocol and €2.0 million on clinical site readiness. As part of this agreement, Akela agreed to use the funds to prepare and conduct the Phase III clinical and long-term toxicology studies and finance other project critical

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expenses. Failure to comply with these conditions would result in an obligation to refund all of the funds to Janssen. The Company triggered the advance milestones in August and September 2008 and the resulting proceeds were dedicated to the Fentanyl program under the supervision of the Joint Development Team (JDT) which is comprised of six members; three representatives of Akela and three representatives of Janssen. As the advanced milestones were invested to sustain the clinical program and timely progress toward the development of Fentanyl TAIFUN® from the date of the amendment (May 23, 2008) through June 30, 2010, the Company believes it has complied with the terms of the advance milestones.

On June 17, 2009, the Company announced that we had signed an amendment to our Fentanyl TAIFUN® license and co-development agreement with Teikoku Seiyaku Co. Ltd. (“Teikoku”), in order to advance certain milestone payments to support the continued development of the Fentanyl TAIFUN® inhaler (the “Product”). According to the amendment to the original agreement announced in January 2006, milestone payments of up to \$2.0 million would be advanced to be payable earlier than originally intended. The Company received \$0.2 million upon signing of the amendment, and would receive \$1.8 million subject to meeting a near term development milestone related to the pharmaceutical development of the Product. On February 11, 2010, this milestone was achieved. The remaining \$1.8 million was received by Akela on August 6, 2010. All milestone funding is contractually committed to the ongoing development of Fentanyl TAIFUN®.

(b) Contingencies:

In February 2010, Akela and its wholly owned subsidiary, PharmaForm, announced the outcomes of two legal cases involving former employees, Michael Crowley and Stephen Lerner. In Michael Crowley vs. Formulation Technologies, LLC doing business as (“d/b/a”) PharmaForm, the arbitrator found in favor of Mr. Crowley. As a result, Mr. Crowley has been awarded \$325 for payment under Mr. Crowley’s employment agreement, commissions and vacation accruals earned over his employment period, partial payment of Mr. Crowley’s legal fees and Mr. Crowley’s out-of-pocket expenses. In February 2010, Mr. Crowley filed suit against Formulation Technologies, LLC (“d/b/a”) PharmaForm to confirm an arbitration award before the 98th District Court of Travis County, Texas. On July, 2, 2010 the Court appointed receiver levied \$442 from PharmaForm’s financial accounts. On July 22, 2010 the Court ruled that a hearing be continued and no funds be disbursed at that time. Akela has taken an additional provision should the Court rule against PharmaForm in hearings related to the receiver fee. In the separate matter of Lerner vs. Akela Pharma Inc. and Formulation Technologies, LLC d/b/a/ PharmaForm, a jury sided with Mr. Lerner and awarded him \$189 in severance pay and approximately \$47 in vacation pay earned during the period which he was employed by the company in addition to out of pocket legal expenses. The judgment was solely against Akela Pharma. After reviewing the evidence and hearing the arguments of counsel, the District Court of Travis County, Texas denied the jury’s award of severance in the Lerner suit, and on May 11, 2010, the court issued a final verdict awarding Mr. Lerner unused vacation pay and out of pocket legal expenses. In June 2010 Mr. Lerner filed a Motion for New Trial. Akela’s provisions for losses on these legal actions, totalling \$602, have been recorded in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of June 30, 2010.

The Company and certain board members were named as defendants in actions filed in the District Court of Travis County, Texas by two former employees; Andrew Reiter and Robert Clayborough. The company has reached settlement agreements with both Mr. Reiter and Mr. Clayborough with neither agreement having a

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material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements. Both legal matters before the Court have been dismissed. Provisions were previously recorded related to these litigation matters.

In addition to executive employment termination litigation resulting from recent organizational changes at Akela, the Company also faces claims from creditors for unpaid services and supplies, as a number of Akela's liability obligations are in default as at the audit report date (see notes 1 and 8). While the outcome of these claims cannot be predicted with certainty the Company does not anticipate that these pending legal matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition. The amounts payable under such claims have been recorded in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of June 30, 2010.

(c) Guarantees:

The Company has entered into a number of standard indemnification agreements in the ordinary course of its business. Pursuant to these agreements, the Company indemnifies, holds harmless, and agrees to reimburse the indemnified party for losses suffered or incurred by the indemnified party, who are generally the Company's business partners or customers. The Company agrees to indemnify for claims, demands or judgments that arise out of negligence or misconduct of the Company, or act of alleged infringement of intellectual property by any third-party with respect to the Company's activities under the agreement. At June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company has not recorded a liability with respect to these guarantees as the Company is not aware of any such claim and does not expect to make any payments for the aforementioned items and the standby liability is nominal.

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11. Supplemental cash flow disclosure and other information

(a) Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Accounts receivable	\$ (108)	\$ 383	\$ 467	\$ 3,492
Prepaid expenses and other assets	45	(79)	39	(421)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	413	792	192	14
Deferred revenue	(761)	(996)	(1,238)	(1,685)
	(411)	100	(540)	1,400

(b) Cash paid for:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Interest	\$ 53	\$ 34	\$ 68	\$ 70

(c) Non-cash transactions:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Receipt of warrants as full and final settlement of lawsuit with LRI on March 10, 2009 regarding a failed toxicology study (note 4)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101
Property and equipment financed through capital leases	-	138	-	239
Issuance of warrants in connection with the acquisition of Nventa (note 3)	-	141	-	141
Issuance of stock options in connection with the acquisition of Nventa (note 3)	-	7	-	7
Issuance of common stock in connection with the acquisition of Nventa (note 3)	-	1,198	-	1,198

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12. Financial instruments

(a) Classification:

The classification of financial instruments as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 and their respective carrying values and fair values are as follows:

	Held-for- trading	Loans and receivables	Held-to- maturity	Other financial liabilities	Carrying value	Fair value
June 30, 2010						
Cash	\$ 304				\$ 304	\$ 304
Accounts receivable		1,212			1,212	1,212
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities				7,664	7,664	7,664
Long-term debt				7,271	7,271	3,675
	Held-for- trading	Loans and receivables	Held-to- maturity	Other financial liabilities	Carrying value	Fair value
December 31, 2009						
Cash	\$ 107				\$ 107	\$ 107
Accounts receivable		1,679			1,679	1,679
Restricted cash and deposits			938		938	938
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities				7,801	7,801	7,801
Long-term debt				7,630	7,630	3,358

(b) Fair value:

Fair value is the amount of consideration that would be agreed upon in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties who are under no compulsion to act. In the absence of quoted prices in active markets, considerable judgment is required in estimating fair value. Estimates are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company could realize in a current market transaction. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate fair values:

(i) Available-for-sale

Cash – Cash is classified as “held for trading” due to its short-term nature and the fact that it must be readily available to finance the Company’s operations. The carrying value is therefore considered a reasonable approximation fair value.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Accounts receivable and restricted cash – Due to their short-term nature, the carrying values of accounts receivable and restricted cash is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.

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(iii) Other financial liabilities

Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and long-term debt – Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are measured at amortized cost which approximates fair value due to their short-term nature. The fair value of long-term debt is estimated based on discounted cash flows using period-end market yields or the market value of similar instruments with the same maturity, or quoted market prices when available. Due to the judgment used in applying a wide range of acceptable techniques and estimates in calculating fair value amounts, fair values are not necessarily comparable among financial institutions or other market participants and may not be realized in an actual sale or the immediate settlement of the instrument.

As of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the carrying amount of assets that the Company has pledged as collateral for long-term debt facilities was approximately \$7.7 million and nil, respectively.

13. Financial risk management

The following is a discussion of the Company's exposure to and management of risks arising from financial instruments, including credit risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, and liquidity risk.

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk results from the possibility that a loss may occur from the failure of another party to perform according to the terms of the contract. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist primarily of cash, restricted cash and accounts receivable. Cash and restricted cash are maintained with a high credit quality financial institution. For accounts receivable, the Company performs periodic credit evaluations and typically does not require collateral. Provisions are recognized, if necessary, in order to reflect risks related to bad debts. During the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, a provision of nil and \$50 was recorded as a result of this evaluation. The carrying amount of cash, restricted cash and trade accounts receivable represents the Company's maximum credit exposure.

For the six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company's three largest customers accounted for approximately 39% of revenues. One customer accounted for approximately 60% of accounts receivable at June 30, 2010.

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The following table sets forth details of the age of receivables:

	As of June 30, 2010
Total accounts receivable	\$ 1,212
Of which:	
Not overdue	1,121
Past due for more than one day but for not more than three months	161
Past due more for than three months	550
Total accounts receivable, gross	\$ 1,832
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(620)
Total accounts receivable, net	\$ 1,212

(b) *Foreign currency risk:*

The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is the US dollar. Foreign currency risk is limited to the portion of the Company's business transactions denominated in currencies other than US dollars and by the translation of assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the US dollar at each balance sheet date. Revenues are primarily received in US dollars and other currencies while a portion of expenses are paid in other currencies, primarily the Canadian dollar and the Euro. The Company's consolidated loss could therefore be affected by the Canadian and Euro/US dollar exchange rate and other exchange rates relative to the US dollar, which exchange rates may fluctuate over time and cannot be accurately predicted. From time to time, the Company engages in the use of derivative financial instruments to manage its currency exposure. At June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company had not entered into any derivative financial instruments.

The following is a breakdown of financial instruments by foreign currency as of June 30, 2010:

(in thousands of US dollars)	June 30, 2010			
	\$Cdn	Euro	\$Bds	INR
Cash	\$ 13	\$ 1	\$ 45	\$ -
Accounts receivable	67	6	-	-
Accounts payable	497	642	139	161
Long-term debt	-	5,512	-	-

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The following exchange rates applied during the reporting period and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010:

Currency	Exchange	Average		Closing
		Three months ended June 30, 2010	Six months ended June 30, 2010	Six months ended June 30, 2010
Canadian dollar	US/Cdn	0.9733	0.9671	0.9393
Euro	US/Euro	1.2729	1.3284	1.0000
Barbadian	US/Bds	0.5076	0.5076	0.4822
Indian Rupee	US/INR	0.0220	0.0219	0.0215

(c) *Interest rate risk:*

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk primarily arises from a loan in Euros from a Finnish governmental body, which bears interest at floating rates. As of June 30, 2010, \$0.6 million of the Company's total debt portfolio was subject to movement in floating interest rates. A 1% change in interest rates would have an effect on the loss from continuing operations before income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2010 of approximately \$3. The Company currently does not have any outstanding credit facilities, other than those described in note 6.

(d) *Liquidity risk:*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecasts and actual cash flows and through regular distribution of this information to the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as of June 30, 2010:

	Amounts Payable	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	Thereafter
Accounts Payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 7,664	\$ 7,664	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Capital leases *	683	537	146	-	-
Long-term debt *	7,567	1,064	1,485	1,047	3,971
	\$ 15,914	9,265	1,631	1,047	3,971

Long-term debt and capital leases include principal and related interest .

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14. Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- To sustain the continuance of the Fentanyl TAIFUN® program,
- To maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital at acceptable risk,
- To sustain our ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders.

In the management of capital, the Company includes cash, long-term debt and shareholders' deficiency (excluding comprehensive income) in the definition of capital.

Our ability to raise funding from the capital markets is challenging and is expected to remain so for the foreseeable future. The Company's strategy therefore is sustain the continuance of the Fentanyl TAIFUN® program through the sale of PharmaForm and other non-strategic assets and seek funding for our proprietary compounds from our current and new commercial partners. Until we succeed in raising additional capital through partner funding, equity or debt financing we are not recruiting any further patients into clinical studies.

At June 30, 2010, the Company was subject to the following externally imposed capital requirements associated with a line of credit secured by all inventory, accounts, equipment, leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures, patents, licenses and other general intangibles of Akela Pharma Inc. and the Company's subsidiary, PharmaForm (see also note 8):

- The lender may request that the entire unpaid principle balance and any accrued interest be paid in full if the value of the 60 day or less accounts receivables falls below \$750.

The Company is not subject to any other externally imposed capital requirements.

15. Related party transactions

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company incurred expenses totalling \$140 and \$280 and \$140 and \$287, for consulting services from the former principal owners and founders of PharmaForm. One of the PharmaForm founders, Robert O. Williams III, Ph.D., served as a member of the Board of Directors until June 2010. As of June 30, 2010, accounts payable includes a \$373 outstanding liability to the founders of PharmaForm for previously rendered consulting services.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, the Company incurred legal and tax consulting fees totalling \$39 and \$83 for services provided by Knorr Rechtsanwälte, a firm associated with Dr. Günter Knorr, the Company's former Chairman of the Board. This related party relationship was terminated in 2009.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, the Company also incurred \$9 and \$71 in expenses for IT consulting services provided by Guardus Corporation, a firm owned by Dr. Halvor Jaeger, the Company's former Chief Executive Officer (CEO). This related party relationship was terminated in 2009.

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In addition, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, the Company incurred expenses of \$59 and \$114 for management services provided by PRI International Consulting Inc., a company directly controlled by Dr. Halvor Jaeger. This related party relationship was terminated in 2009.

In addition, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 the Company incurred \$28 and \$53 in expenses for financial consulting services performed by Charlestown Capital Advisors, LLC, a private investment company founded and managed by Raj Maheshwari, a former board member of the Company. This related party relationship was terminated in 2009.

These transactions are measured at the exchange amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

16. Comparative figures

Certain of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in the current year.